# How to Create Positive Childhood Experiences



Did you know that a sense of safety and support in childhood and the teenage years can help prevent health problems later? It's true — and by creating **positive childhood experiences**, you can help your kids feel safe and loved. Positive childhood experiences help all children and teens — but especially those who've had bad things happen to them.

Here's how you can create positive childhood experiences!



### If you have a baby:



**Comfort them** when they cry. Try swaddling, rocking, or walking with your baby.



**Talk to them** and repeat the sounds they make. Your voice will soothe your baby.



**Cuddle and hold** your baby often. This will help them feel secure.

### If you have a toddler or preschooler:



**Read to your child** every day. Ask questions about the stories and pictures.



**Establish routines** for bathtime, bedtime, and meals. Routines give kids a sense of security.



**Play with your child often.** Do activities that encourage creativity, like coloring and building.



## If you have school-age kids:



**Help them with homework.** School is a big part of their life, and they'll notice if you take an interest.



**Do fun things** as a family, like playing outside or playing games. Choose activities you all enjoy!



**Help them set goals** for school, sports, or other activities. This helps kids take pride in their achievements.

### If you have a teen:



**Have meals together** as a family. Ask about your teen's day — and tell them about yours.



Do things together that you both enjoy.
Sharing interests can help you feel connected.



**Talk with your teen** — in the car, during walks, anytime! Acknowledge their feelings and listen to their opinions.



### Finding support

It's not just up to parents to create positive childhood experiences

- it's important to ask for help! If you're feeling overwhelmed:
  - Remember that others can support your family, too.
     Reach out to child care providers, family members, or close friends.
  - Talk to your child's doctor about your concerns.
  - See if your community has programs like parenting classes or support groups.



Try to **#FindYour3** — identify 3 people, groups, or programs that can be part of your family's support system.



